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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/880,403	880,403 06/13/2001		David A. Bottom	PW 028 0175 P11670	7128
27496	7590	02/11/2004		EXAMI	INER
112222		THROP LLP	DANG, KHA	DANG, KHANH NMN	
	725 S. FIGUEROA STREET SUITE 2800				PAPER NUMBER
LOS ANGELES, CA 90017				2111	7
				DATE MAILED: 02/11/2004	. 2

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
· Office Action Cumm no	09/880,403	BOTTOM, DAVID A.					
Office Action Summ ry	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Khanh Dang	2111					
The MAILING DATE of this communication apprended for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply . - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, . - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_•						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This a	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		·					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. 							
Attachment(s)	•						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)					



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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 6, the "storage medium device" lacks antecedent basis.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4, 6-13, 15-20, 22- 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Jackson et al.

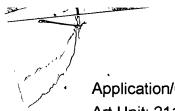
At the outset, it is noted that similar claims will be grouped together to avoid repetition in explanation.

As broadly drafted these claims do not define any structure that differs from Jackson et al. With regard to claim 1, Jackson et al. discloses a modular server system, comprising: a midplane (312, for example) having a system management bus and a

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plurality of blade interfaces (located on the front and rear of midplane 320) on the midplane (320), wherein the blade interfaces are in electrical communication with each other; a server blade (132, for example) removably connectable to one of the plurality of blade interfaces on the midplane (320), the server blade (132) having a server blade system management bus in electrical communication with the system management bus of the midplane (320), and a network interface to connect to a network, and a media blade (either the "second type" and "third type" of server blade 132 or any I/O device connected to the rear interface of midplane 320 via interface card 134) removably connectable to one of the plurality of blade interfaces on the midplane (320), the media blade having at least one media device. With regard to claim 2, the system of Jackson et al. further includes a power supply module (a hot swappable power supply operatively connected to the connections for power on the through plane 130/midplane 320). With regard to claim 3, see at least Fig. 5. With regard to claim 4, at least the interface card 134 (for managing at least one input/output (I/O) communication channel for communication switches (e.g., FC switches, ATM switches, or Ethernet switches) is readable as a so-called "switch blade." With regard to claim 6, it is clear that the server system of Jackson et al. includes a hard disk drive. With regard to claim 7, it is clear that the server system of Jackson et al. includes a chassis (shown generally at least Fig. 1) to house the midplane, the server blade, and the media blade. With regard to claim 8, it is clear that the server blade and the media blade of Jackson et al. are adapted to be hot swapped. With regard to claim 9, it is clear from Jackson et al. that the server blade (see above discussion) and the media blade (see above discussion) in



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combination form an individual server system. With regard to claim 10, it is clear that the motherboard 200 on blade 132 must include an "Ethernet connector jack" to set up a network connection. With regard to claim 11, it is clear from Jackson et al. that at least either the "second type" or "third type" of blade 132 or an I/O device connected to the rear interface of midplane 320 via interface card 134 can be selected from the group consisting of a storage medium device, a graphics processing device, an audio processing device, and a streaming media processing device. With regard to claims 12, 13, and 15-18, see above discussion. With regard to claim 19, 20, and 22-28, see above discussion. Note also that in Jcakson et al., a plurality of different server blades (first, second, and third types) and a plurality of different media blades (cards 134 connected to a plurality of different media).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 14, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jackson et al. in view of the following.

Jackson et al., as discussed above, discloses the claimed invention including the use of midplane ATX form factor with PCI electrical specification. However, Jackson does not disclose that "the midplane is a CompactPCI form factor." It would have been

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obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a

midplane having CompactPCI form factor in Jackson et al., since the Examiner takes

Official Notice that CompactPCI or cPCI board/form factor (a combination of modular

Eurocard form factor, popularized by the 3U or 6U VME bus, and the desktop PCI

electrical specification) is old and well-known in the art; and selecting a form factor

among known form factors involves only ordinary skill in the art and is clearly a matter of

design choice. Further, selecting a CompactPCI form factor would provide a rugged

structural construction to the server system of Jackson et al., since cPCI is known for its

sturdy build. If the Applicants choose to properly challenge the fact that CompactPCI is

old and well-known, supportive document(s) will be provided upon request.

U.S. Patent Nos. 6,411,506 to Hipp et al., 6,035,356 to Khan et al., 6,025,989 to

Ayd et al., and 5,488,541 to Mistry et al. are cited as relevant art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Khanh Dang at

telephone number 703-308-0211.

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